

**Massachusetts State Police
Incident Report
State Police Holden**

Incident #: 2007-0C6-1265
Date: Wednesday, 23 May, 2007
Time: 0715HRS

**Incident Report
Crime Against Property
Worcester DC**

Investigating Officer: Trooper Choquette, Robert 2328 @ C-6
Incident Location: WORCESTER: RADMORE STREET#22:

Involves 209 Abuse? NO

MASON, George
22 Radmore Street Worcester, MA

Non-Motorist: CSCH200703933
Phone #

SSN: _____ DOB: 04/06/1962 Age: 0 Sex: Race:
Height: ___ft ___in Weight: ___ lbs Hair: Eyes: Build:
Born: Marital Status: Complexion:
Father: Mother: Spouse:

License Information:

Operator State & #: S92527060 Class: Status: Exp:
Susp/Rev: Reason:

Offenses:

266-126 DEFACE PROPERTY

Alias:

Peculiarities:

Vehicle Information:

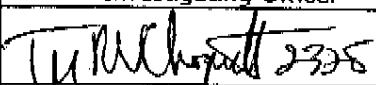
Incident Particulars:

Victim	Value	Type
Commonwealth of Massachusetts	over \$250	
bridge overpass fencing		

Incident Gist:

5/23/2007 2007-0C6-1265

1. This incident report is the culmination of approx. 30 incidents over the past 18 months. On 5/15/2007 I was patrolling Rt. 290 and noticed large banners bearing statements about family court and sole custody issues. (see attached list for exact wording). I removed two banners approx. 4 feet by 8 feet that had been attached to the Rt 140 bridge over Rt 290 in Shrewsbury. Also in my travels I removed a similar banner from the Reservoir St bridge over Rt 290 EB in Northborough.
2. On 05/23/2007 I removed two banners from the Elm St. bridge over Rt 495 in Marlborough, two additional banners from the Rt 140 bridge in Shrewsbury and two from the Ararat St. bridge over Rt 190 in Worcester.
3. Starting approx 18 months ago I removed banners of the same type from the above mentioned locations as well as the Harrison St and Marsh Ave bridges in Worcester. To date, I have removed approx 30 of these banners. All have been removed and disposed of at the expense of the Commonwealth. These banners have been posted in areas over major highways. The areas over these highways have no designated parking areas or breakdown lanes to stop a vehicle without impeding traffic. In addition, the installation of these banners poses a risk to the vehicles traveling below the overpass in the form of falling debris hitting a passing vehicle. At all of these locations the banners removed have been of the same construction (commercial wallpaper with spray painted lettering) and were installed

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 Choquette II, Robert V		

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with the same method (nylon zip-ties)

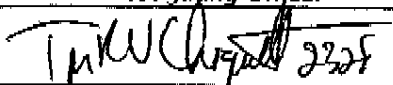
4. These banners bear either a web address of www.F4J.com or the phone number 617-SAD-DADS. The website is for Fathers-4-Justice and the phone number listed is for the Fatherhood Coalition (www.fatherhoodcoalition.org). A check of both of these websites lists a party identified as George Mason (DOB 04/06/1962, SSN 222405434) as the Massachusetts coordinator for Fathers-4-Justice and testimony from George Mason to the Massachusetts Trial Court Child Support Guidelines Task Force is posted on the Fatherhood Coalition web site. Approx. one year ago I spoke with members of the Fatherhood Coalition and requested they stop posting banners on public property. I instructed them this was expressly prohibited by MGL CH 266, sec. 126. The parties I spoke with informed me that no members of the Fatherhood Coalition were posting signs in the greater Worcester area, that it was a member of an allied organization and they would instruct this organization to cease posting banners on public property.

5. After discovering the Massachusetts coordinator for Fathers-4-Justice lived in the Worcester area I began seeking to speak with him. I called the telephone number posted on the F4J website (508-735-6615) I identified myself as being with the Massachusetts State Police and left a message for George Mason to call me. He did not respond.

6. Using Massachusetts RMV data bases I obtained an address of 53 First St, Worcester, MA for George Mason and went to this location. I spoke to the resident there and learned George Mason had not lived there since August 2006 as she had moved in September of 2006. I eventually obtained an address for George Mason of 22 Radmore St, Worcester, MA.

7. On 5/23/2007 I went to this location and spoke with a party in the driveway of this residence. He was working under the hood of a Chevy Cavalier bearing MA registration 63WE24 which is shown to be registered to George Mason at the 53 First St address. I asked him if he was George Mason and he replied yes. I showed him the banners I had removed from the various bridge overpasses and asked him if they belonged to him and he stated "no". I then informed him I believed he had been posting these banners in the greater Worcester area. I told him of my previous conversation with the members of the Fatherhood Coalition and their promise to have the responsible party stop posting banners on public property. His response to me was unexpected. He stated to me these banners were free speech and could be posted anywhere unless there was a prohibition to him doing so. I showed him the text of MGL 266, sec 126 and told him to cease his banner posting. I then informed him the address on his license and registration was incorrect and he had not lived at 53 First St since August of 2006. I requested his driver's license to physically confirm this and he stated he would not provide me with his license and he needed to consult with an attorney before he did anything else. I informed him his banner posting activities on public property were to cease. I told him he had the right to free speech and if he wanted to post banners he needed to purchase billboards or get permission from private property owners. I then informed him he would be charged in the district courts having jurisdiction over the locations of the signs I had removed and I departed.

8. George Mason will be charged in Worcester District Court with 2 counts of defacing public property, Ch 266, sec 126 for the two banners removed from the Ararat St overpass. He will be charged in Westborough District Court

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with five counts of defacing public property, Ch 266, sec 126 for the banners posted on the Rt 140 overpass in Shrewsbury and the Reservoir St overpass in Northborough. He will be charged in Marlborough District Court with two counts of defacing public property Ch 266, sec 126 for the banners posted on the Elm St overpass in Marlborough. He was mailed a civil citation for failing to notify the RMV of his correct address.

9. See attached documentation showing his ties with the fatherhood Coalition and his biography listing him as the massachusetts coordintaor for Fathers-4-Justice.

10. The banners removed from Commonwealth property are as follows:

- a. Save Dan From Family Court - F4J.com - one removed from Reservoir St in Northborough
- b. Sole Custody Is Child Abuse - 617-SAD-DADS - four removed from Rt 140 in Shrewsbury (two in evidence)
- c. Family Court Give Back Our Children - 617-SAD-DADS - two removed from Ararat St in Worcester

11. I respectfully request this case be closed

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 Choquette, Robert V		



The
Fatherhood
Coalition

Testimony to the Massachusetts Trial Court Child Support Guidelines Task Force

Worcester Courthouse

George Mason

Fathers-4-Justice, USA, CPF/The Fatherhood Coalition

February 15, 2007

Dan Grubbs submitted written statement

Dan Grubbs spoken testimony at Boston session

The Massachusetts Child Support Guideline is driven by a flawed premise; everyone is harmed in divorce and family breakup. The relevant question addressed by the state should be:

* To what degree can the state minimize the harm to the family in the first instance, and in the duration of, parents equally raising the parents' (not the state's) children?

The guiding principle should be to encourage both households to increase their income, and the sooner the better. The Guideline does exactly the opposite: It encourages both parties to minimize their income.

It encourages the custodial parent (CP) to keep her income under \$20,000—so that she will gain the maximum award from the non-custodial parent (NCP).

It discourages NCP's from working in several ways. By establishing levels of support (as percentages of income) so high that, for other than the upper middle-class and wealthy, a NCP cannot provide a minimum standard of living for himself—let alone a minimum standard of living for the children when they are in his care. Furthermore, it actually discourages the NCP from working more—perhaps in overtime if available or by taking a second job—by not specifically excluding such extra income from further raising his child support.

Also, since judges have so much discretion, they can and do, especially for self-employed, impute income and there are no simple mechanisms to adjust support 'awards'.

I The Guideline says in its introduction:

"In establishing these guidelines, due consideration has been given to the following principles:....3. To provide the standard of living the child would have enjoyed had the family been intact;..."

This statement, which serves to establish the fundamental purpose of the Guideline, creates an absurdity: two households from the same income as one, and one of the households have no change in the standard of living.

The Guideline addresses the need for the NCP to increase his income with the following:

"B. In individual cases, the court may choose to disregard overtime income or income derived from a second job. However, consideration of such income may be appropriate in certain instances such as those where such income constituted a regular source of income when the family was intact."

The Guideline should specifically encourage both parties to increase their income, for the benefit of all. The Guideline should explicitly contain an income "disregard" statement for child support considerations of extra income when the NCP chooses to increase their income by working more.

II. Child support awards are to ensure that both parents provide for the children:

"2. To encourage joint parental responsibility for child support in proportion to, or as a percentage of income;"

Yet \$20,000 of CP income is "disregarded," when computing her portion, in recognition that "in many instances, to maintain a domicile and a reasonable standard of living for the minor children, the custodial parent will choose to work."

The NCP also requires a minimum standard of living—especially since he has to also provide housing for the children regardless of how much "parenting time" he has.

The child support award is intended to provide for the children's needs. To further establish a need for a "reasonable standard of living" is double-dipping. If the CP requires a minimum standard of living, so does the NCP. The CP income disregard is a blatant example of the real purpose of child support: to transfer wealth from men to women – i.e., "politically correct alimony."

III. CHILD SUPPORT DOES NOT FOLLOW THE CHILDREN—further proof that it is not "about the children," but about empowering women at the expense of men and encouraging the breakup of families.

i. There is no mechanism for accounting how child support is spent.

ii. There is no adjusting for child support based on the amount of time the children spend with the noncustodial parent

iii. EVEN WHEN FATHERS GAIN PHYSICAL CUSTODY OF THEIR CHILDREN, THEY RARELY RECEIVE CHILD SUPPORT FROM MOM. When mom has custody, judges automatically assign child support and pay no mind to any mitigating circumstances dad may be facing.

iv. The state has a minimum "child support" figure it uses, say, in the Foster Care Program, which is presumed to be the minimum amount to care for a child. Yet the guidelines, scaled by income, do not presume a minimum amount but instead use an involuntary tax methodology "income shares" based on the Bolshevik-inspired "Wisconsin Model".

THEREFORE, since child support is NOT about the children, what is it REALLY about?

Whose interest is served by the state establishing a regime whereby women are encouraged to throw away the fathers of their children?

How much federal title IV-D incentive grants does the state receive to manufacture a second class of citizens called non-custodials?

What are the hidden costs to society of fatherlessness caused by government forcing, not by parents volunteering, out of their children's lives?

These are the questions that really need to be asked, discussed, and debated. This is where any discussion on "child support" should begin.

George Mason
Worcester

George Mason, Cassie's and Luke's Father, 508.735.6615, Fathers-4-Justice-US-MA Info <http://www.f4j.com/index.php?id=ma&type=1>
<https://shop.fathers-4-justice.us/membership.html> 501(c)(3), 100% volunteer



F4J™ US IN YOUR STATE

Massachusetts

George Mason - MA Coordinator Bio

George Mason joins Fathers-4-Justice as Coordinator for Massachusetts. George is blessed with two wonderful children, his lovely daughter and his amazing son, whom he wants so desperately to remain close to as they navigate through adolescence.

George knows first hand the pain and suffering associated with being a Non-Custodial Parent (NCP) and being reduced to mere hours each month where he is permitted to father his children. As if that were not enough, George must fight the courts to prevent his former wife from moving their children from their home in Massachusetts to a world away in California.

In spite of these challenges, George decided long ago that he was not going to just give up like the system and his former wife wanted him to do. Instead, he has taken the bull by the horns and become an outspoken advocate and volunteer working to change the system.